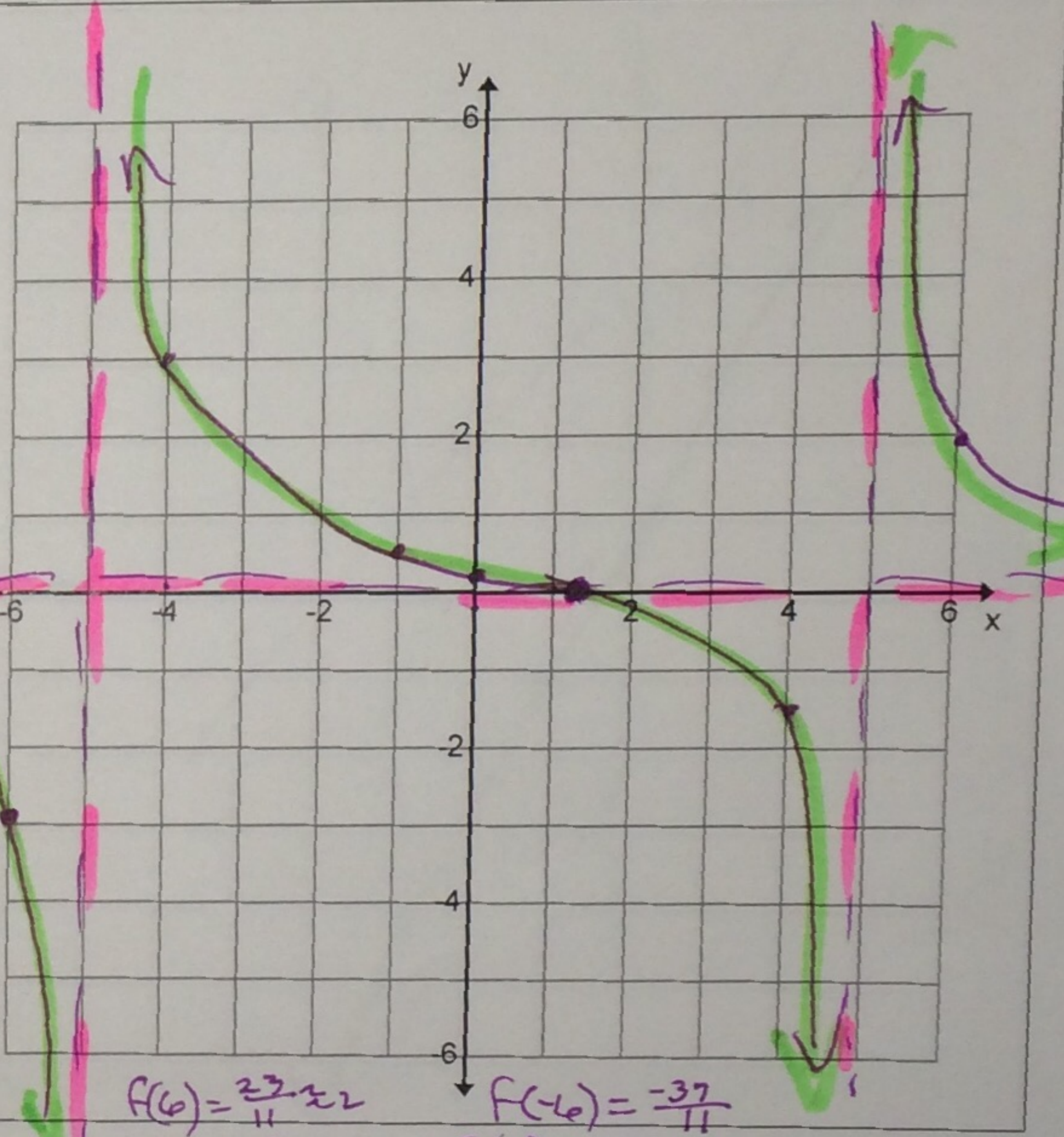
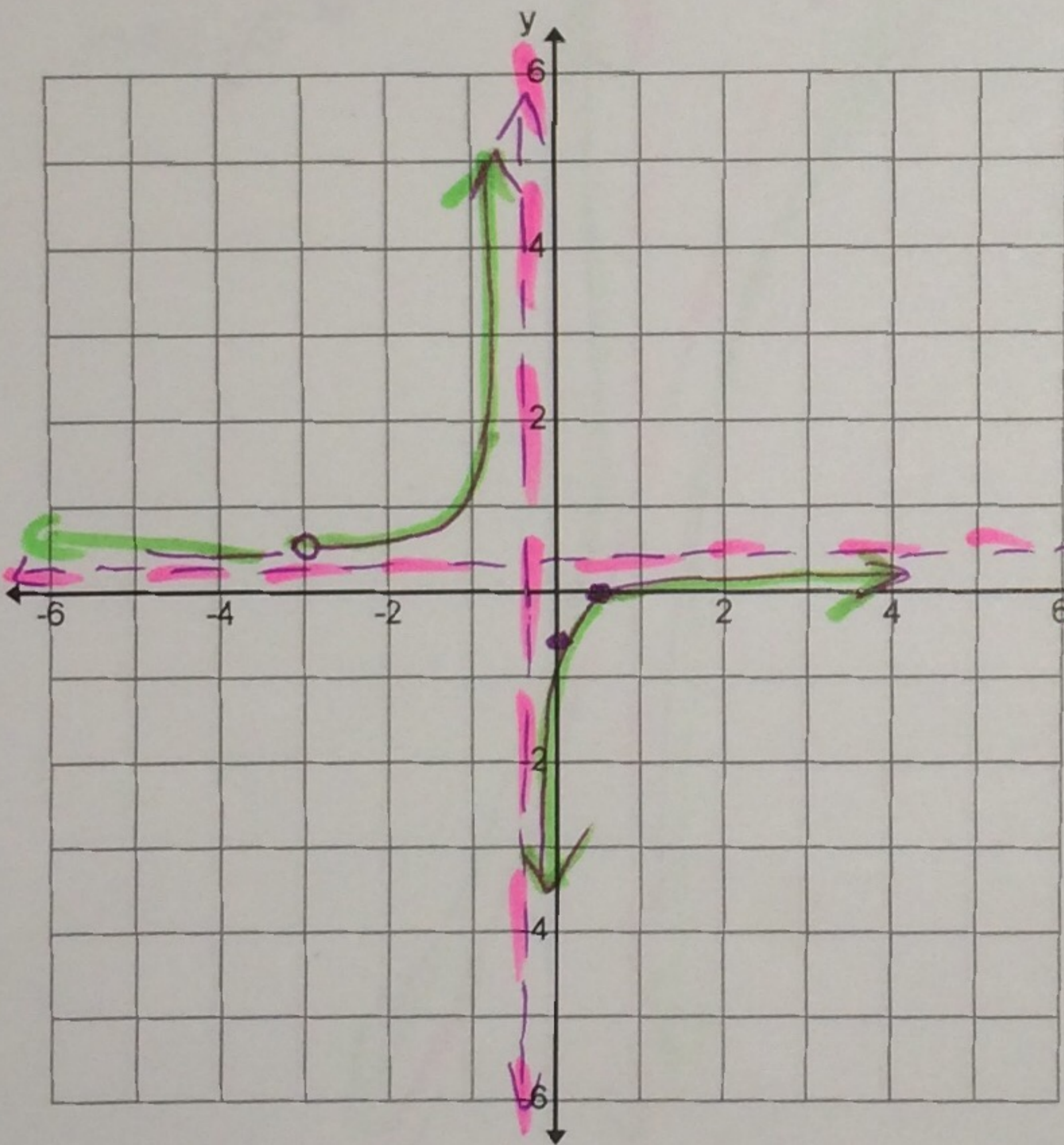


$$1. f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 5x - 3}{5x^2 + 17x + 6} = \frac{(x+3)(2x-1)}{(x+3)(5x+2)}$$

Hole: $(-3, \frac{7}{13})$	VA: $x = \frac{2}{5}$	HA: $y = \frac{2}{5}$
SA: no	x-int: $\frac{1}{2}$	y-int: $-\frac{1}{2}$
Domain: TR $x \neq -\frac{2}{5}$	Range: TR $y \neq \frac{2}{5}$	

$$2. f(x) = \frac{5x-7}{x^2-25} = \frac{5x-7}{(x+5)(x-5)}$$

Hole: no	VA: $x = -5$ $x = 5$	HA: $y = 0$
SA: no	x-int: $\frac{7}{5}$	y-int: $\frac{7}{25}$
Domain:	Range:	



$$f(6) = \frac{23}{11} \approx 2.1$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{-12}{-24} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(-6) = \frac{-37}{11} \approx -3.4$$

$$f(-4) = \frac{-27}{-9} = 3 \quad f(4) = \frac{13}{-9} \approx -1.4$$

$$1. f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 5x - 3}{5x^2 + 17x + 6} = \frac{(x+3)(2x-1)}{(x+3)(5x+2)} = \frac{2x-1}{5x+2}$$

Hole: $(-3, \frac{2}{13})$ VA: $x = -\frac{2}{5}$ HA: $y = \frac{2}{5}$


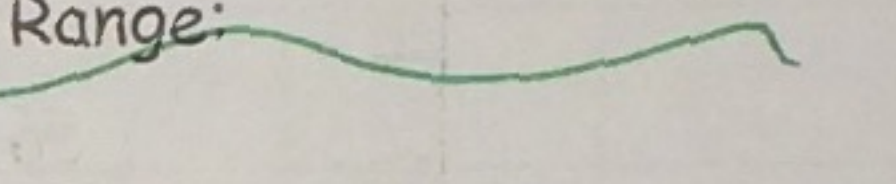
SA: *no* x-int: $\frac{1}{2}$ y-int: $-\frac{1}{2}$

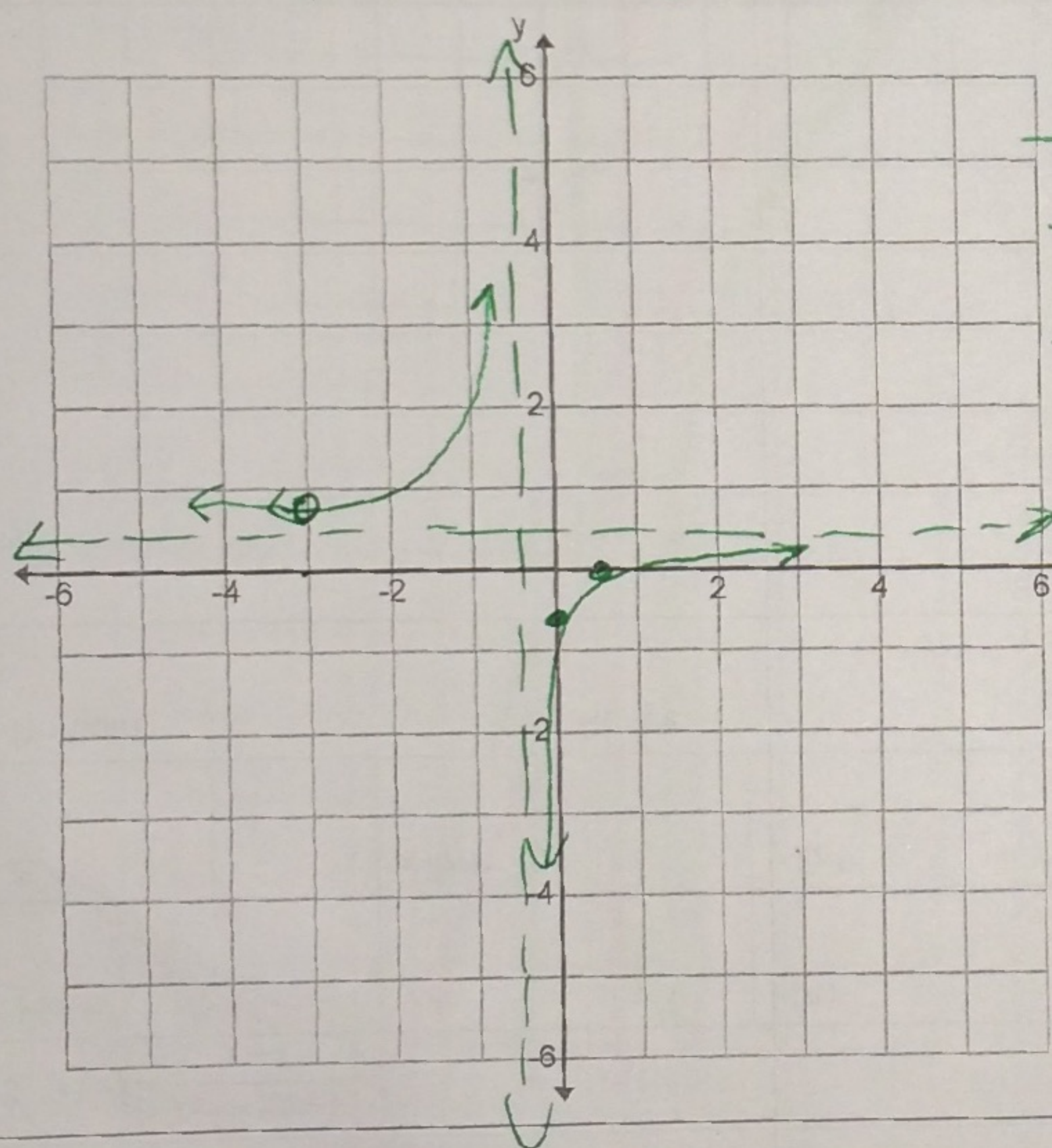
Domain: $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-3, -\frac{2}{5}\}$ Range: $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{\frac{2}{13}, \frac{2}{5}\}$

$$2. f(x) = \frac{5x-8}{x^2-16} = \frac{5x-8}{(x+4)(x-4)}$$

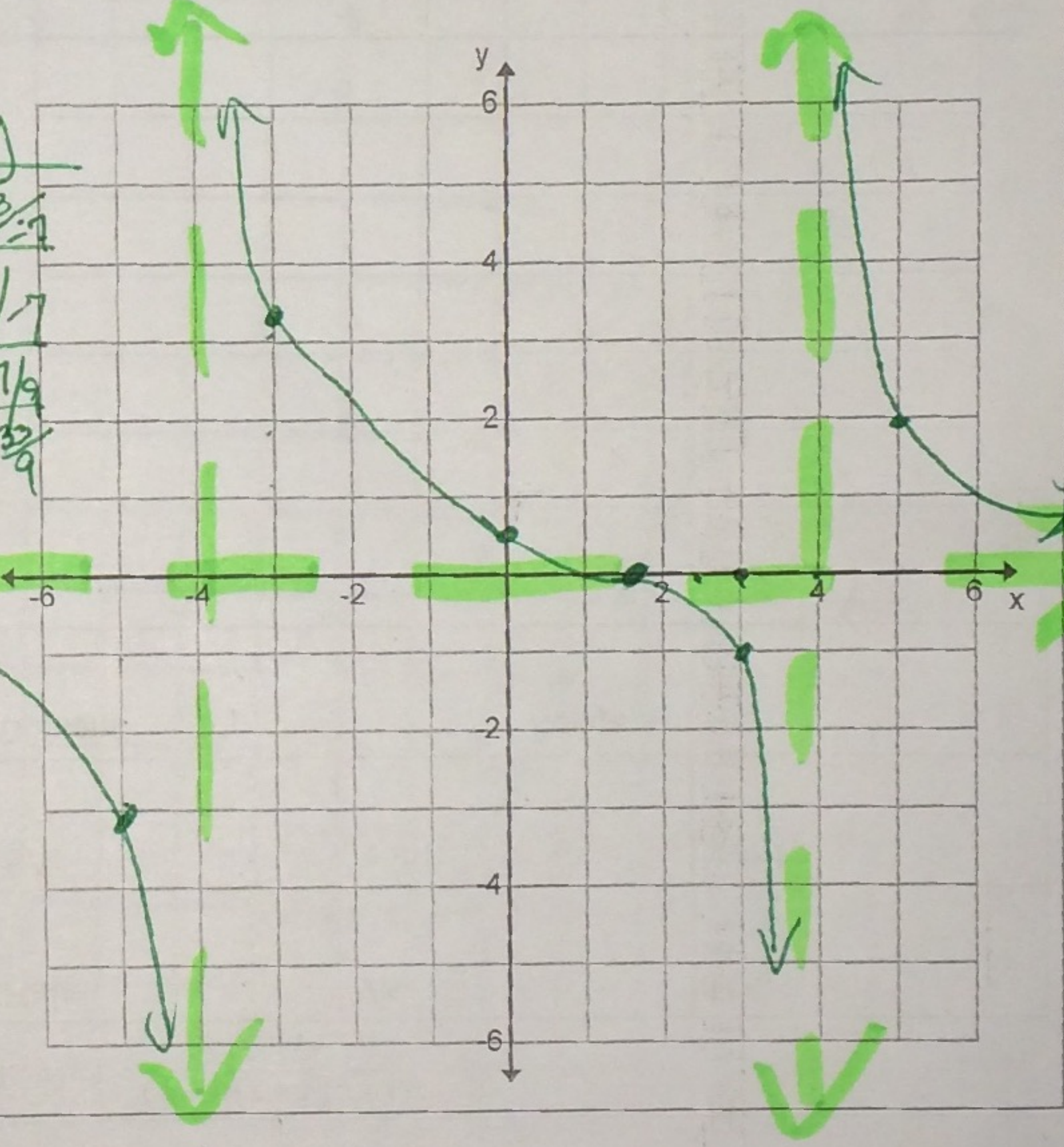
Hole: *no.* VA: $x=4, x=-4$ HA: $y=0$

SA: *no* x-int: $\frac{8}{5}$ y-int: $\frac{1}{2}$

Domain:  Range: 



x	y
-3	$\frac{2}{13}$
3	$\frac{7}{7}$
5	$\frac{17}{9}$
-5	$\frac{32}{9}$



ANSWER

F

2

QUESTION

A

$$\frac{4x^2 - 1}{2x^2 - 5x - 3} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 6x + 9}{2x^2 + 5x - 3}$$

$$\frac{-6}{\frac{-6}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{(2x+1)} \cancel{(2x-1)}}{\cancel{(x-3)} \cancel{(2x+1)}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(x-3)} \cancel{(x-3)}}{\cancel{(x+3)} \cancel{(2x-1)}} = \frac{x-3}{x+3}$$

ANSWER

E

$$\frac{2x}{(x-3)(x+1)(x-1)}$$

QUESTION

F

$$\frac{x^2 - 25}{(x+5)^2} \div \frac{2x-10}{4x+20}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{(x+5)} \cancel{(x-5)}}{\cancel{(x+5)} \cancel{(x+5)}} \cdot \frac{4 \cancel{(x+5)}}{2 \cancel{(x-5)}} = 2$$

ANSWER

(D)

$$\frac{x^2 + 22x}{(x+3)(x-3)(x+2)}$$

QUESTION

(E)

$$\frac{x-1}{x-1} \frac{1}{x^2-2x-3} + \frac{1}{x^2-4x+3} \frac{x+1}{x+1}$$
$$\frac{x-1 + x+1}{(x-3)(x+1)(x-1)} = \frac{2x}{(x-3)(x+1)(x-1)}$$

ANSWER

(C)

$$\frac{1}{15(x+5)}$$

QUESTION

(D)

$$\frac{x+2}{x+2} \frac{5x}{x^2-9} + \frac{-4x}{x^2+5x+6} \frac{x-3}{x-3}$$
$$\frac{5x^2+10x-4x^2+12x}{(x+3)(x-3)(x+2)}$$

$$\frac{x^2+22x}{(x+3)(x-3)(x+2)}$$

ANSWER

(B)

$$\frac{3(x+4)}{x+1}$$

QUESTION

(C)

$$\frac{\frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{7}{5x+25} + \frac{-4}{3x+15}}{\frac{5}{5}} = \frac{21-20}{15(x+5)} = \frac{1}{15(x+5)}$$

ANSWER

(A)

$$\frac{x-3}{x+3}$$

QUESTION

(B)

$$\frac{\frac{3}{x-4}}{x^2-16} = \frac{\frac{3}{\cancel{x-4}} \cdot \frac{(x+4)\cancel{(x-4)}}{x+1}}{\boxed{\frac{3(x+4)}{(x+1)}}}$$