Pre-Calculus Notes

Name: Key

Applications with Sequences and Series

For each word problem, you will want to first decide if the scenario describes is a sequence or series, and then whether it is arithmetic or geometric.

1. An object with negligible air resistance falls from the top of the Sears Tower in Chicago at a height of 1454 feet. During the 1st second, it falls 16 ft.; during the 2nd second it falls 48 ft.; during the 3rd it fall 80 ft. If this arithmetic pattern continues, how many feet will the object fall in the 7th second?

Are we finding the term of a sequence or the sum of a series? term of a sequence

Is this arithmetic or geometric?

$$16, 48, 80$$
 anthmetic

 $0 = 16 + (n-1)32$
 $0 = 16 + (7-1)32$
 $0 = 208$

2. Given the object described in Example 1, how many total feet will it fall in 7 seconds?

Are we finding the term of a sequence or the sum of a series? Sum of a series

Is this arithmetic or geometric?

$$57 = \frac{7(2.16 + (7-1).32)}{2}$$

- 208 feet
- 3. On the day she was born, Jesse's grandparents deposited \$1000 in a special account for her. The account earns 6% interest compounded quarterly. How much money is in the account the day after Jesse's tenth birthday? Assume that income taxes paid on the account are paid from another source.

Remember: $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^m$

Are we finding the term of a sequence or the sum of terms of a sequence a series?

Is this arithmetic or geometric? openetric

What would be in the account if interest is compounded monthly?

4. A deposit of \$50 is made at the beginning of each month in an account that pays 8%, compounded monthly. The balance A in the account at the end of 5 years is ...?

Lets look at the balance working backwards... $A = 50\left(1 + \frac{0.08}{12}\right)^{1} + 50\left(1 + \frac{0.08}{12}\right)^{2} + \dots + 50\left(1 + \frac{0.08}{12}\right)^{2}$

Are we finding the term of a sequence or the sum of a series? sum of a series

Is this arithmetic or geometric? geometric *0 = 151

$$A = \sum_{00}^{N=1} 20 \left(1 + \frac{12}{08}\right)_{N}$$

 $2^{99} = \frac{1 - 787}{121 \left(1 - \frac{120}{121}\right)}$ 560 xd 3698.34

02= 22801